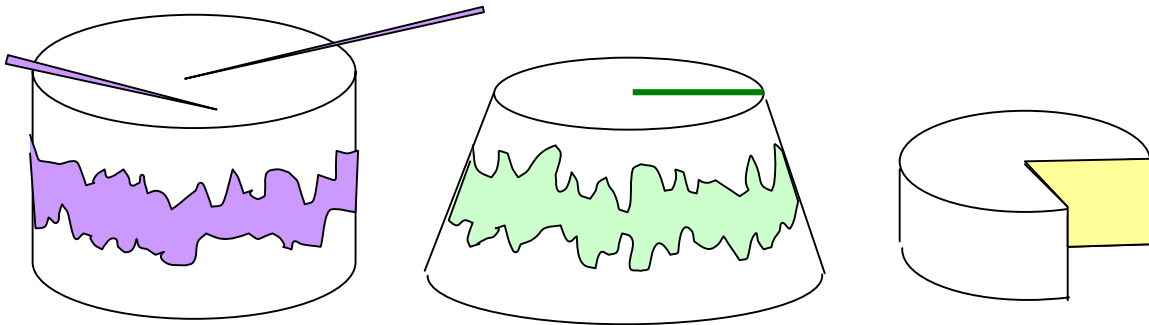


D I M E N S I O N S



LENGTH

Many solutions to questions could start with, “Let the **length** of the short drumstick be x cm.”

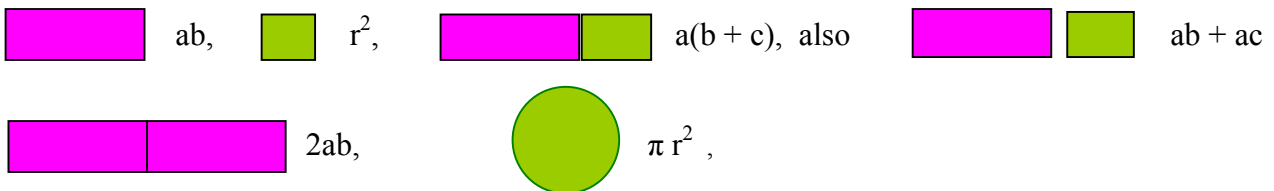
A single letter may represent the **length** and if we need an expression for the length of five such sticks, laid end to end, we use $5x$. The value **5** has no dimensions – it is a **constant**.

The longer drumstick could have a **length** of y cm and the length of a short and a long drumstick together is written $x + y$. Even though there are two letters, this addition represents **length**.

With numbers like 5, 3.5, $\frac{3}{4}$, π , $\frac{\pi}{3}$ etc being **constants** and having no dimensions, expressions like x , $p + q$, $5b$, $3(p + q)$, πd , $2\pi r$, $a + b + c$ all represent **lengths**.

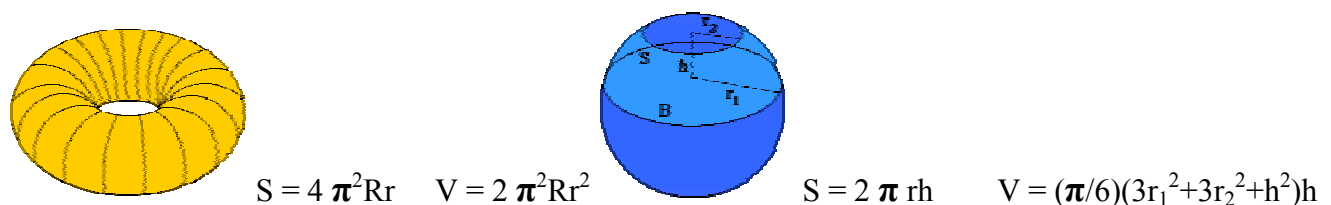
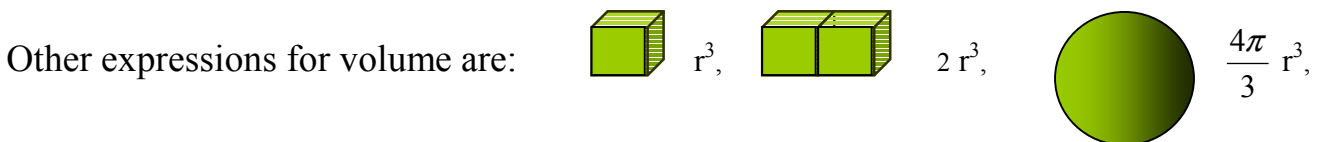
AREAS

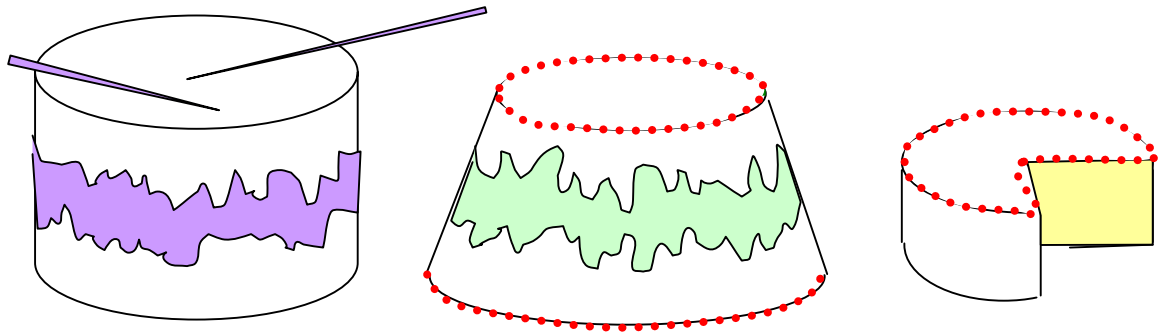
Two-dimensional shapes have area, represented by expressions like:



VOLUMES

Three-dimensional shapes have volume and the expressions for volumes contain the multiplication of **three** linear (length) expressions – the simplest being $a \times b \times c$ written **abc**.





LENGTH	x stick length $2r$ diameter h height $2\pi r$ circumference	R base radius $2\pi R$ base circumference s sloping edge $2\pi r + 2\pi R$ total rim length	h height $\frac{3}{4}\pi d + 2r$ sector perimeter
AREA	πr^2 circular top $2\pi rh$ curved surface $2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$ total surface area	$\pi (r+R)s$ curved surface $\pi (r[r+s]+R[R+s])$ Total surface area	$\frac{3}{4}\pi r^2$ sector area $2rh + \frac{3}{4}\pi dh + \frac{3}{2}\pi r^2$ total surface area
VOLUME	$\pi r^2 h$ cylinder volume	$\frac{\pi}{3} h (R^2+rR+r^2)$	$\frac{3}{4}\pi r^2 h$ cake volume
NONE OF THE ABOVE	$2r + \pi$ $2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r$	$2\pi r + 2R$ $\frac{\pi}{3} h (R^2+R+r^2)$	$\pi d + 2rd$

LENGTH

AREA

VOLUME